ST LAWRENCE C.E. PRIMARY SCHOOL SUBJECT MANAGER OVERVIEW

SUBJECT: Geogrpahy UNIT: The Secret Inventor CONCEPT: Diversity YEAR: 4

BIG QUESTION	What are the similarities and differences of Maya settlement and settlement in Alton?	
END OF UNIT OUTCOME	Write an explanation to explain the differences and similarities of Maya settlement and Alton.	
NC OBJECTIVES	• Human Geography: - Types of settlement and land use • Geographical Skills and Fieldwork: - Use fieldwork to observe, measure, record and present the human and physical features in the local area using a range of methods, including sketch maps, plans and graphs, and digital technologies	
WEEK	KEY KNOWLEDGE	RESOURCES
1	Know what are the different types of settlements. - **- settlements** are **places** where people live and sometimes work. - they can be small or large depending on how many people live there and how many **facilities** there are. - facilities are places where certain things happen, for example, schools for education, parks for playing or shops for selling things. - a **hamlet** is a very small settlement with just a group of houses. - a **village** is also small but may have houses, a primary school, a few shops, a Post Office and a village hall. - a **town** is larger than a village, with lots of houses, primary and secondary schools, as well as sometimes having a railway station and shopping centre. - a **city** is the largest type of settlement, containing lots of buildings and lots of people. They usually have hospitals, sports facilities, universities, shops, offices, many houses and a cathedral.	
RICH TASKS	Discuss this information Children to use polydron to create each settlement and label. (take a photo to stick into books)	Polydron
2	Know where the Maya settlement was.	

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	- The Maya made their home in **Central America**. - Today, this region falls into modern day southern **Mexico**, most of **Guatemala**, all of **Belize**, the northern tip of **Honduras**, and a northeast piece of **El Salvador**. - In this region you can find **dry and arid land**, **rainforests**, **swamps**, and **coastal areas**. - Typically cities were located **near trade routes** and **good farmland**. - Important cities in Maya civilisation were Palenque, Calakmul, Tikal, Copán, Cobá and Chichen Itza.	
RICH TASKS	Locate on the world map where the Maya settlement was. Show images of the Maya settlements and describe the type of environments that were there.	An introduction to the ancient Maya - BBC Bitesize
3	Know what did a Maya settlement looked like. - The nobles and kings lived inside the city in large palaces made from stone. -The commoners lived in huts outside the city near their farms. -The huts were usually made from mud, but were sometimes made from stone. They were single roomed homes with thatched roofs. -In many areas the Maya built their huts on top of platforms made from dirt of stone in order to protect them from floods. -**Tikal** became one of the most powerful city-states in the history of the Maya **civilization** during the Classic period of Maya history. -**Tikal** was large and had thousands of structures including six large pyramids. -The city likely had between 60,000 and 70,000 **inhabitants** during its peak years. -Many of these cities can be visited today. and is considered **UNESCO World Heritage Sites**.	

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RICH TASKS	Draw a typical Maya settlement and label with the knowledge. Look at images of Tikal to spot the features of the Maya settlement. Label these features.	History KS2 / KS3: What did Maya houses & buildings look like? - BBC Teach – Shows what a settlement looks like
4	Know how a Maya settlement is different to Alton. - Alton is a **market town** in **Hampshire**, England, near the source of the **River Wey**. -A market town has a regular market for local farmers to sell their produce at. - Alton has **businesses** in the **retail** and **service** sectors in the centre of the town, and over a hundred businesses in the four **industrial areas** of Mill Lane, Newman Lane, Caker Stream and Omega Park, ranging from light industrial to computer software production. -Alton has a range of **chain stores** and **independent shops** including greengrocers, butchers and a hardware shop and a range of supermarkets. -There are different types of **land use** such as **agriculture**, **housing**, **industrial**, **business**, **leisure** and **retail**.	
	Look at different maps of Alton , find the above physical and human features. Children to label these features on their own maps. Add the different types of land use to the map.	Different maps of Alton.
5	Revision of key information	
END OF UNIT OUTCOME	Write an explanation to explain the differences and similarities of Maya settlement and Alton.	